

LECTIN BLOOD GROUPING REAGENTS
DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Anti-A₁ Lectin: For Tube Technique.

SUMMARY

A₁ antigen is a subgroup of A and was discovered in 1910. Anti-A₁ is usually non-reactive at 37°C, however examples reactive at 37°C and predominately IgM can cause *in vivo* red blood cell destruction. About 78% of group A people are A₁ and 22% are A₂, similar proportions apply among AB people.

PRINCIPLE

The reagent will cause agglutination (clumping) of red cells, that carry the A₁ antigen, after centrifugation. No agglutination generally indicates the absence of the A₁ antigen (see **Limitations**).

REAGENT

Lorne Anti-A₁ Lectin blood grouping reagent is prepared from an extract of *Dolichos biflorus* seeds, diluted with a sodium chloride solution containing bovine albumin. The reagent is supplied at optimal dilution for use with all recommended techniques stated below without the need for further dilution or addition. For lot reference number and expiry date see **Vial Label**.

STORAGE

Reagent vials should be stored at 2 - 8°C on receipt. Prolonged storage at temperatures outside this range may result in accelerated loss of reagent reactivity. This reagent has undergone transportation stability studies at 37°C and -25°C as described in document BS EN ISO 23640:2015.

SAMPLE COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

Blood samples can be collected into EDTA, citrate, CPDA anticoagulants or as a clotted sample. The samples should be tested as soon as possible following collection. If a delay in testing should occur, store the samples at 2-8°C. Samples displaying gross haemolysis or microbial contamination should not be used for testing. Blood samples showing evidence of lysis may give unreliable results. It is preferable (but not essential) to wash all blood samples with PBS or Isotonic saline before being tested.

PRECAUTIONS

1. The reagent is intended for *in vitro* diagnostic use only.
2. If a reagent vial is cracked or leaking, discard the contents immediately.
3. Do not use the reagent past the expiration date (see **Vial Label**).
4. Do not use the reagent if a precipitate is present.
5. Protective clothing should be worn when handling the reagents, such as disposable gloves and a laboratory coat.
6. The reagent has been filtered through a 0.2 µm capsule to reduce the bio-burden. Once a vial has been opened the contents should remain viable up until the expiry date as long as there is no marked turbidity, which can indicate reagent deterioration or contamination.
7. The reagent contains < 0.1% sodium azide. Sodium azide may be toxic if ingested and may react with lead and copper plumbing to form explosive metal azides. On disposal flush away with large volumes of water.
8. No known tests can guarantee that products derived from human or animal sources are free from infectious agents. Care must be taken in the use and disposal of each vial and its contents.

DISPOSAL OF REAGENT AND DEALING WITH SPILLAGES

For information on disposal of the reagent and decontamination of a spillage site see **Material Safety Data Sheets**, available on request.

CONTROLS AND ADVICE

1. It is recommended a positive control (ideally group A₁B cells) and a negative control (group A₂ cells) be tested in parallel with each batch of tests. Tests must be considered invalid if controls do not show expected results.
2. In the **Recommended Techniques** one volume is approximately 50µl when using the vial dropper provided.
3. The use of the reagent and the interpretation of results must be carried out by properly trained and qualified personnel in accordance with the requirements of the country where the reagent is in use.
4. User must determine suitability of the reagent for use in other techniques.

REAGENTS AND MATERIALS REQUIRED

- Glass test tubes (10 x 75 mm or 12 x 75 mm).
- PBS solution (pH 6.8–7.2) or Isotonic saline solution (pH 6.5–7.5).
- Positive (group A₁B) and negative (group A₂) control red cells.
- Test tube centrifuge.
- Volumetric pipettes.

RECOMMENDED TECHNIQUES

A. Tube Technique

1. Prepare a 2-3% suspension of red cells in PBS or Isotonic saline.
2. Place in a labelled test tube: 1 volume Lorne Anti-A₁ reagent and 1 volume red cell suspension.
3. Mix thoroughly and then centrifuge all the tubes for 20 seconds at 1000 rcf or for a suitable alternative time and force.
4. Gently resuspend red cell button and read macroscopically for agglutination

INTERPRETATION OF TEST RESULTS

1. **Positive:** Agglutination of red cells constitutes a positive test result and within the accepted limitations of the test procedure, indicates the presence of A₁ antigen on the red cell.
2. **Negative:** No agglutination of red cells constitutes a negative result and within the accepted limitations of the test procedure, indicates the absence of A₁ antigen on the red cells.
3. **Discrepancies:** If the results obtained with reverse group don't correlate with forward group, further investigation is required.

STABILITY OF THE REACTIONS

1. Tube tests must be read immediately after centrifugation. Delays may cause dissociation of antigen-antibody complexes leading to false negative, or weak positive reactions.
2. Caution should be exercised in the interpretation of results of tests performed at temperatures other than those recommended.

LIMITATIONS

1. Anti-A₁ may react with Tn-polyagglutinable or Cad-positive cells
2. Cord blood and specimens from infants cannot be accurately typed using Anti-A₁ Lectin since the A₁ antigen is not fully developed on red blood cells until the age of six months.
3. Individuals older than six months should have their ABO blood-grouping results confirmed by testing their serum or plasma against known group A₁ and B cells before their ABO blood group can be confirmed.
4. Stored blood may give weaker reactions than fresh blood.
5. False positive or false negative results may also occur due to:
 - Contamination of test materials
 - Improper storage, cell concentration, incubation time or temperature
 - Improper or excessive centrifugation
 - Deviation from the recommended techniques

SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

1. The reagent has been characterised by all the procedures mentioned in the **Recommended Technique**.
2. Prior to release, each lot of Lorne Anti-A₁ Lectin reagent is tested by the **Recommended Technique** against a panel of antigen-positive red cells to ensure suitable reactivity.
3. The Quality Control of the reagent was performed using red cells that had been washed twice with PBS or Isotonic saline prior to use.
4. The reagent complies with the recommendations contained in the latest issue of the Guidelines for the UK Blood Transfusion Services.

DISCLAIMER

1. The user is responsible for the performance of the reagent by any method other than those mentioned in the **Recommended Techniques**.
2. Any deviations from the **Recommended Techniques** should be validated prior to use⁶.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Widman FK. Technical Manual, 9th Edition. American Association of Blood Banks, Arlington, VA, 1985; Chapter 8
2. Race RR, Sanger R. Blood Groups in Man, 6th Edition. Blackwell Scientific, Oxford 1975; Chapter 2
3. Mollison PL. Blood Transfusion in Clinical Medicine, 8th Edition. Blackwell Scientific, Oxford 1987; Chapter 7
4. Issitt PD. Applied Blood Group Serology, 3rd Edition. Montgomery Scientific, Miami 1985; Chapter 6
5. Guidelines for the Blood Transfusion Service in the United Kingdom. H.M.S.O. Current Edition.
6. British Committee for Standards in Haematology, Blood Transfusion Task Force. Recommendations for evaluation, validation and implementation of new techniques for blood grouping, antibody screening and cross matching. Transfusion Medicine, 1995, 5, 145-150.

AVAILABLE REAGENT SIZES








Vial Size	Catalogue Number
5 ml	116005
1000 ml	116000*

*This size is For Further Manufacturing Use (FFMU) only and is therefore not CE marked.

For the availability of other sizes, please contact:

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TABLE OF SYMBOLS

	Batch Number		<i>in-vitro Diagnostic</i>
	Catalogue Reference		Store At
	Expiry Date		Manufacturer
	Read Pack Insert		